

TLCharts

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TLCharts

Positioning:

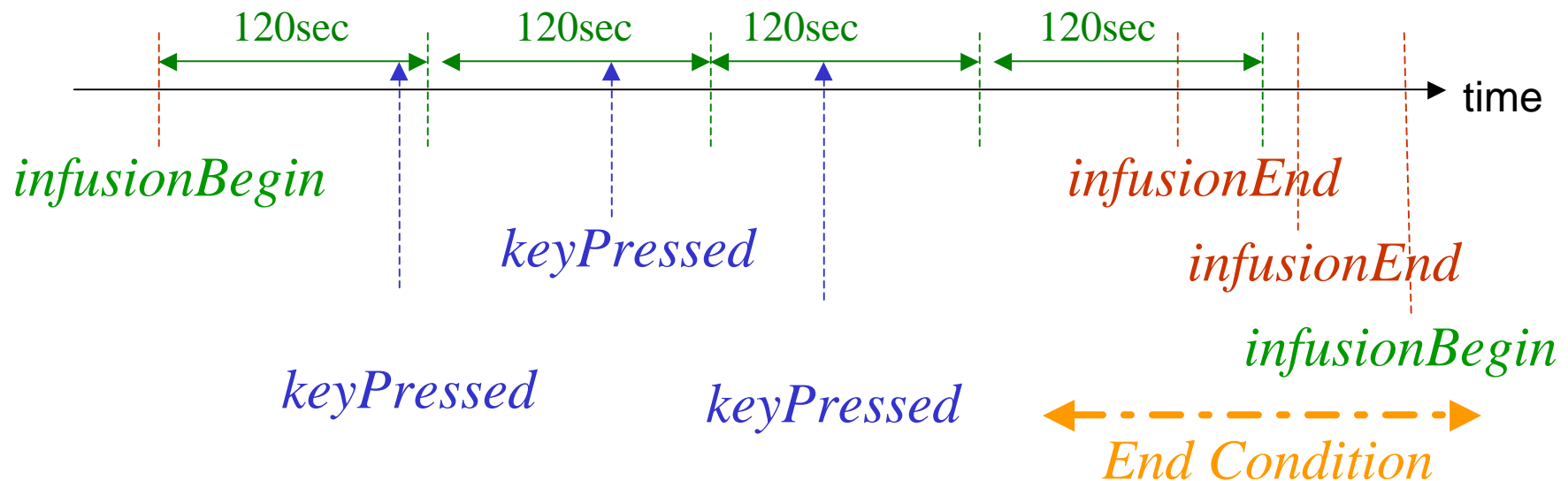
Customers interest

1. Spec of system (before impl./design)
2. Spec of properties in impl./design

Specification Languages: TLCharts

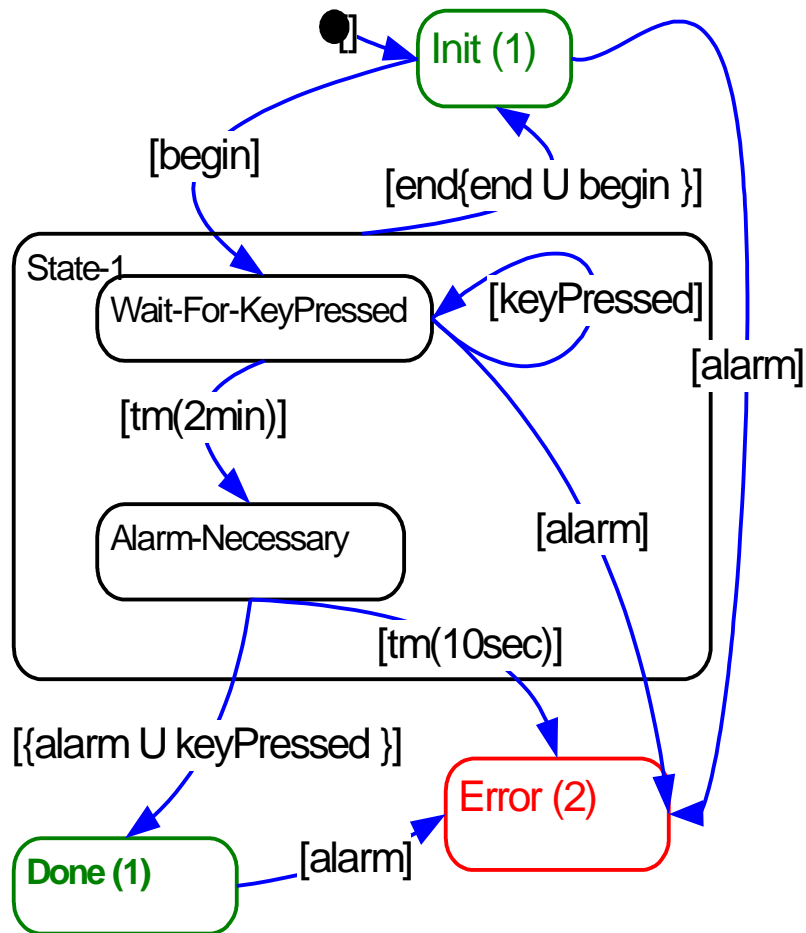
Example: Infusion Pump

between every *infusionBegin* and an *End-condition* session, a *keyPressed* must be repeatedly sensed within two-minute intervals or else an alarm must sound within 10 seconds and until *keyPressed* is sensed. Also according to this specification, once the alarm sounds then the assertion has succeeded and no more alarms are permitted. The *End-condition* is defined *infusionEnd* being sensed until *infusionBegin* is sensed.



Specification Languages: TLCharts

Harel Statecharts: Visuality, Familiarity, Readability



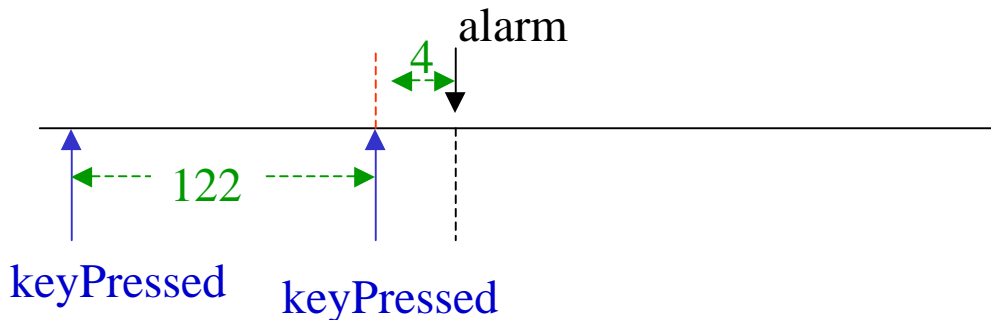
VS. $\ddot{y} (\text{infusionBegin} \Rightarrow$
 $(((\text{infusionBegin} \vee \text{keyPressed}) \Rightarrow$
 $((\ddot{y} \neg \text{alarm}) \wedge$
 $((? \ ?_{\leq 120} \text{keyPressed})$
 $\vee (\neg \text{keyPressed} U_{[120,130]}$
 $(\text{alarm} U (\text{keyPressed} \wedge \ddot{y} \neg \text{alarm})))$
 $)$
 $)$
 $) U (\text{infusionEnd} U$
 $(\text{infusionBegin} \wedge \text{infusionEnd}))$
 $)$

LTL Discussion

The assertion fails because LTL's $\rho \text{Until} \phi$ requires ρ to repeatedly succeed until ϕ succeeds, namely *Not keyPressed* must be true until the alarm.

```

 $\ddot{y}$  ( infusionBegin =>
  ( ((infusionBegin  $\vee$  keyPressed) =>
    ( ( $\ddot{y}$   $\neg$ alarm)  $\wedge$ 
      ((?  $\leq$ 120 keyPressed)
         $\vee$  ( $\neg$ keyPressed  $U$   $_{[120,130]}$ 
          (alarm  $U$  (keyPressed  $\wedge$   $\ddot{y}$   $\neg$ alarm)))
      )
    )
  )  $U$  (infusionEnd  $U$  (infusionBegin  $\wedge$  infusionEnd))
)
  
```

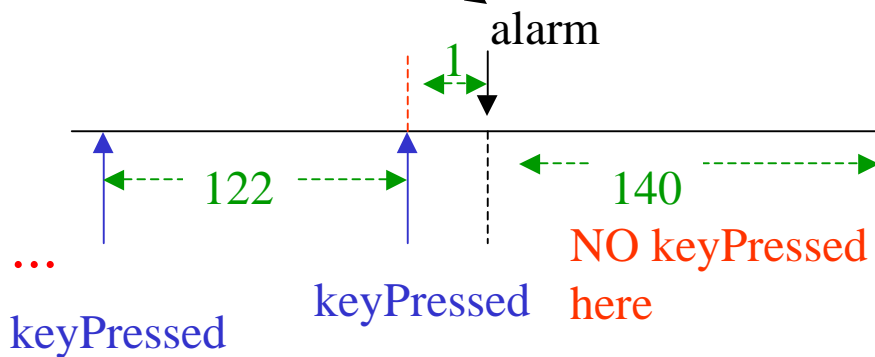


An interval of 122 seconds between two consecutive keyPressed events followed by an alarm sounding 4 seconds later

LTL Discussion

... once alarm sounds according to this specification then the assertion has succeeded.

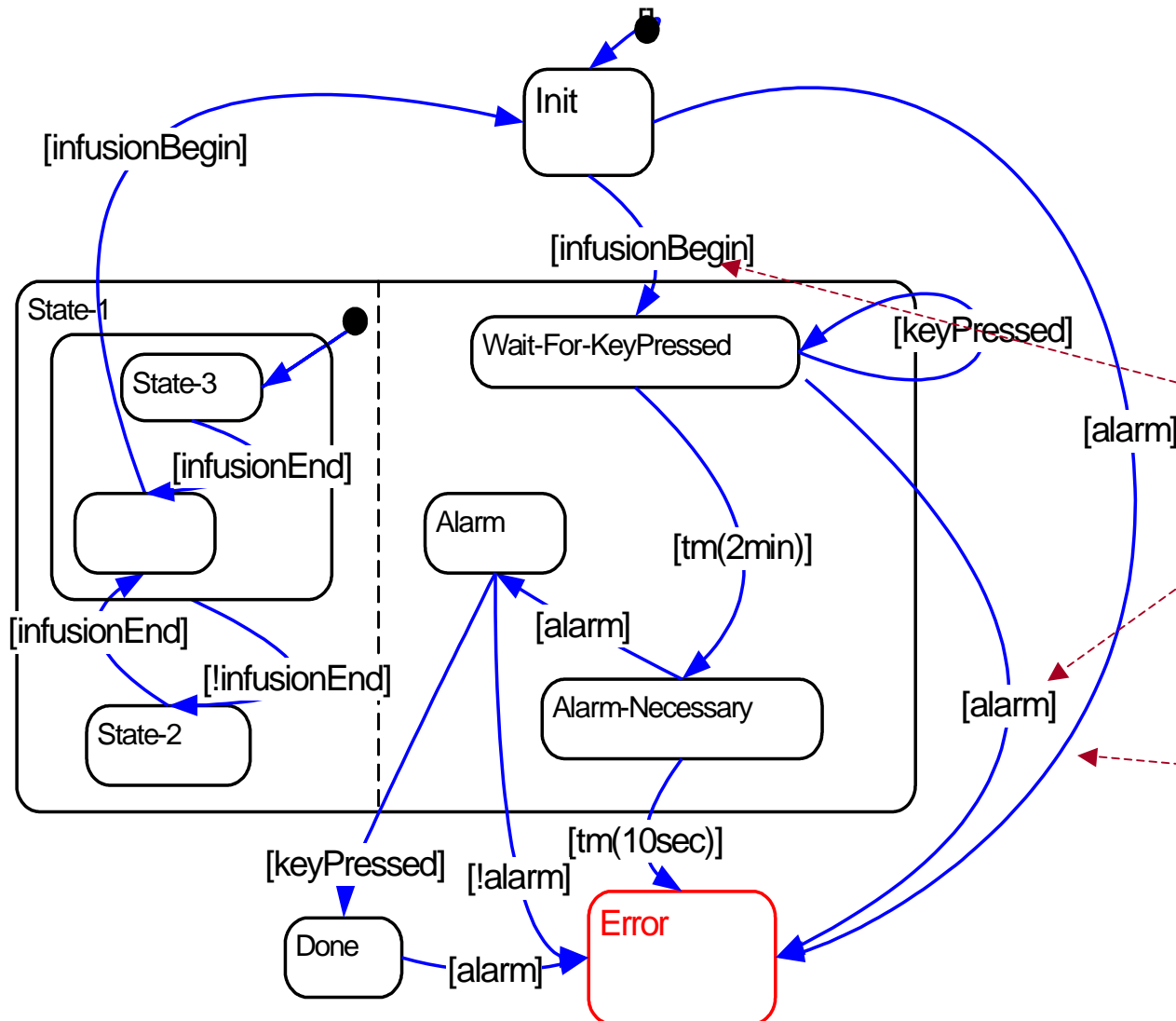
The **assertion fails** though at this point English spec says the assertion should succeed



*An interval of 122 seconds between two consecutive **keyPressed** events followed by an alarm sounding 1 second later, followed by **no keyPressed** or alarm for 140 seconds.*

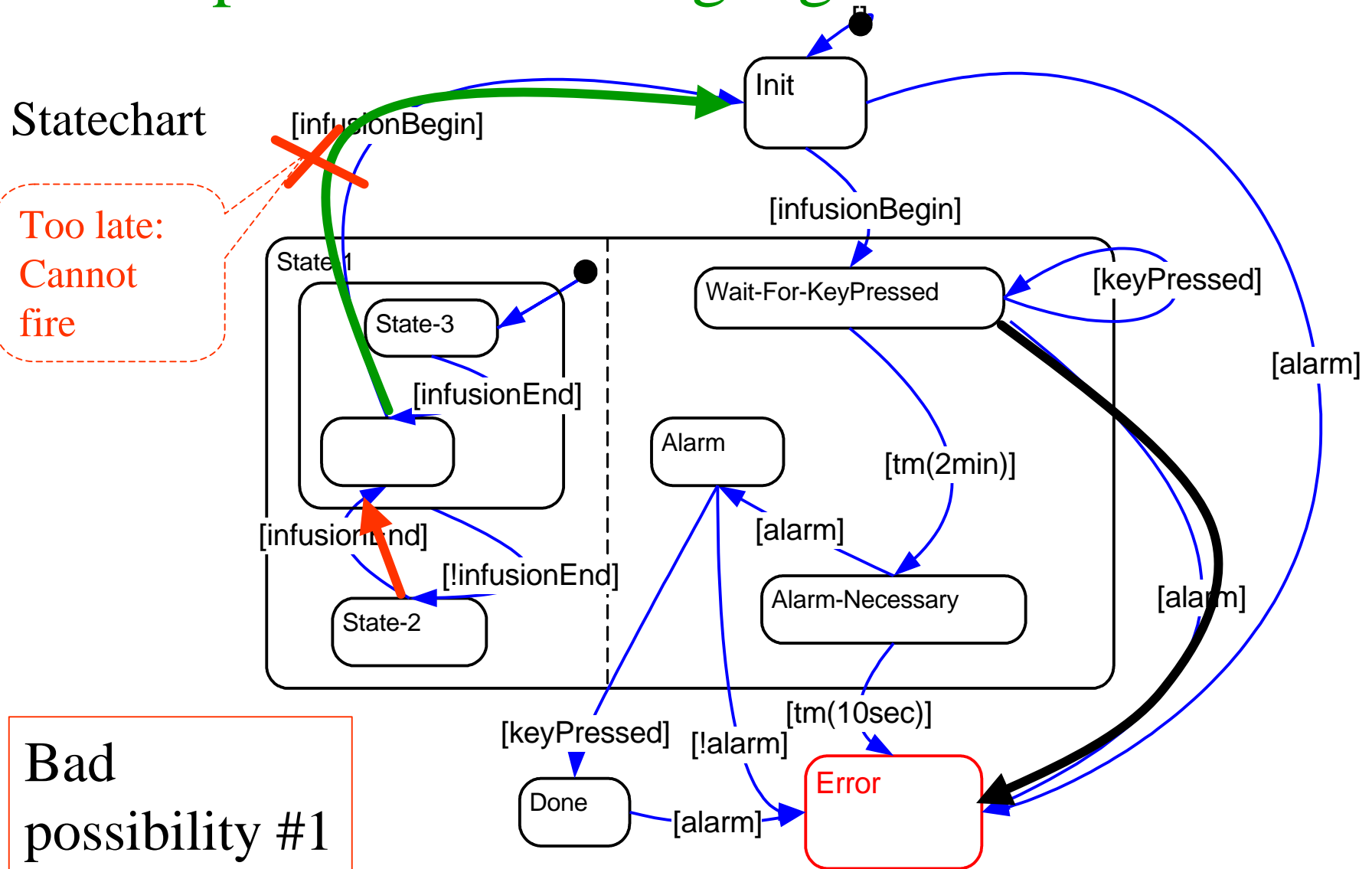
Specification Languages: statecharts

Statecharts for formal specification



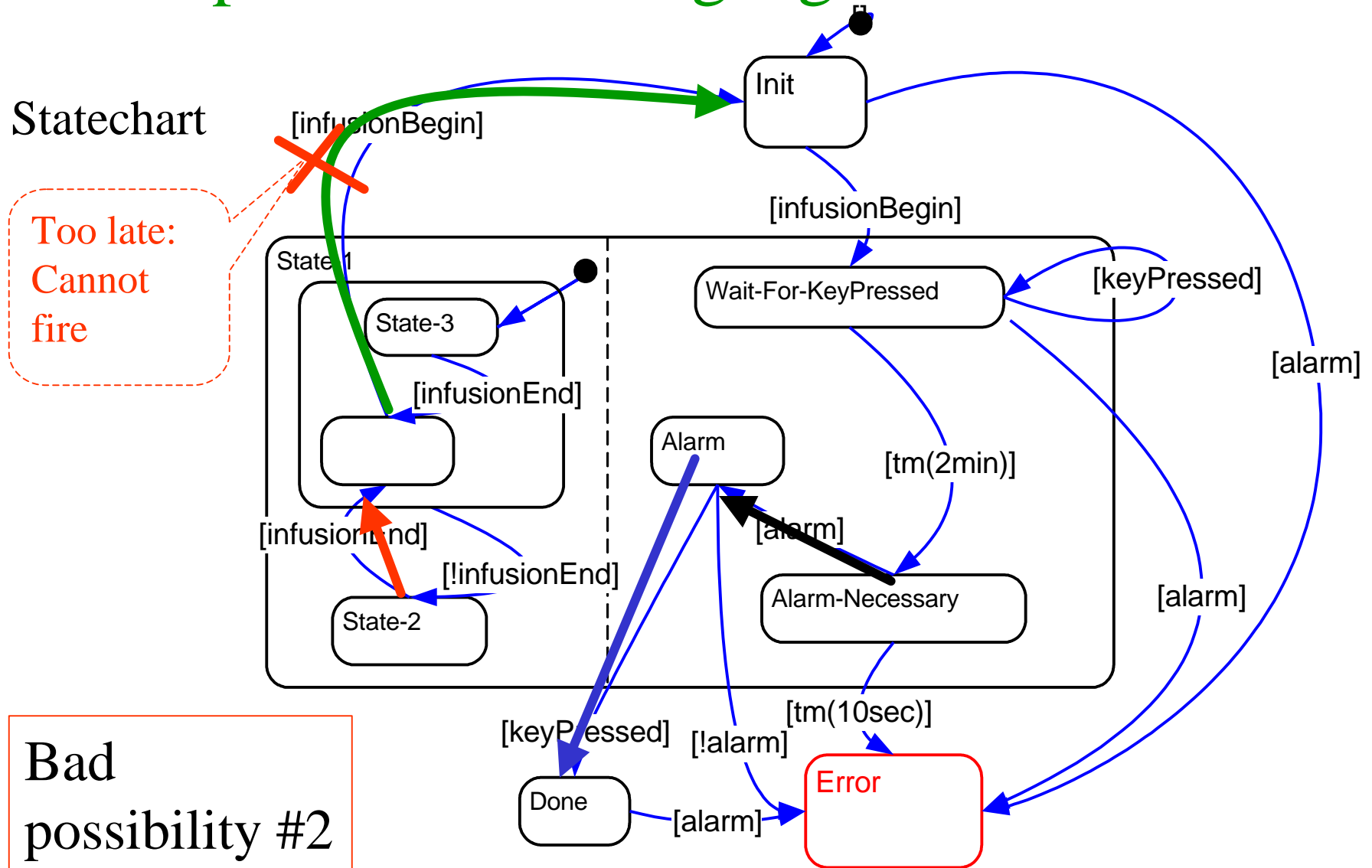
- **Deterministic**
- **Asserts about sequences of inputs and corresp. sys. outputs**
- **Says Y/N (good/bad) about those combo sequences.**
- **Has negative info (what cannot happen)**

Specification Languages: TLCharts



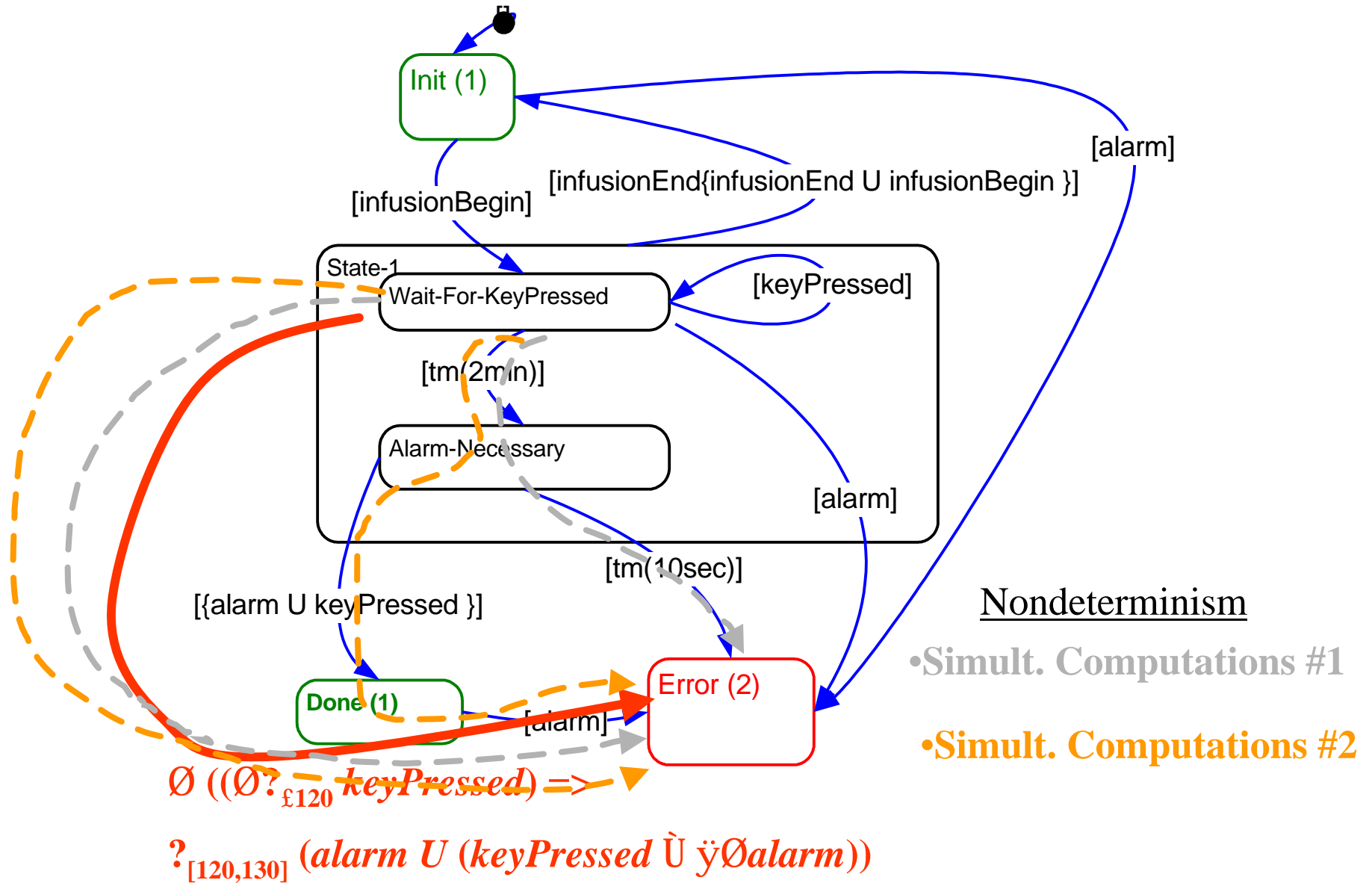
Sequence: ... *infusionEnd* . *alarm* . *keyPressed* . *infusionBegin* .

Specification Languages: TLCharts

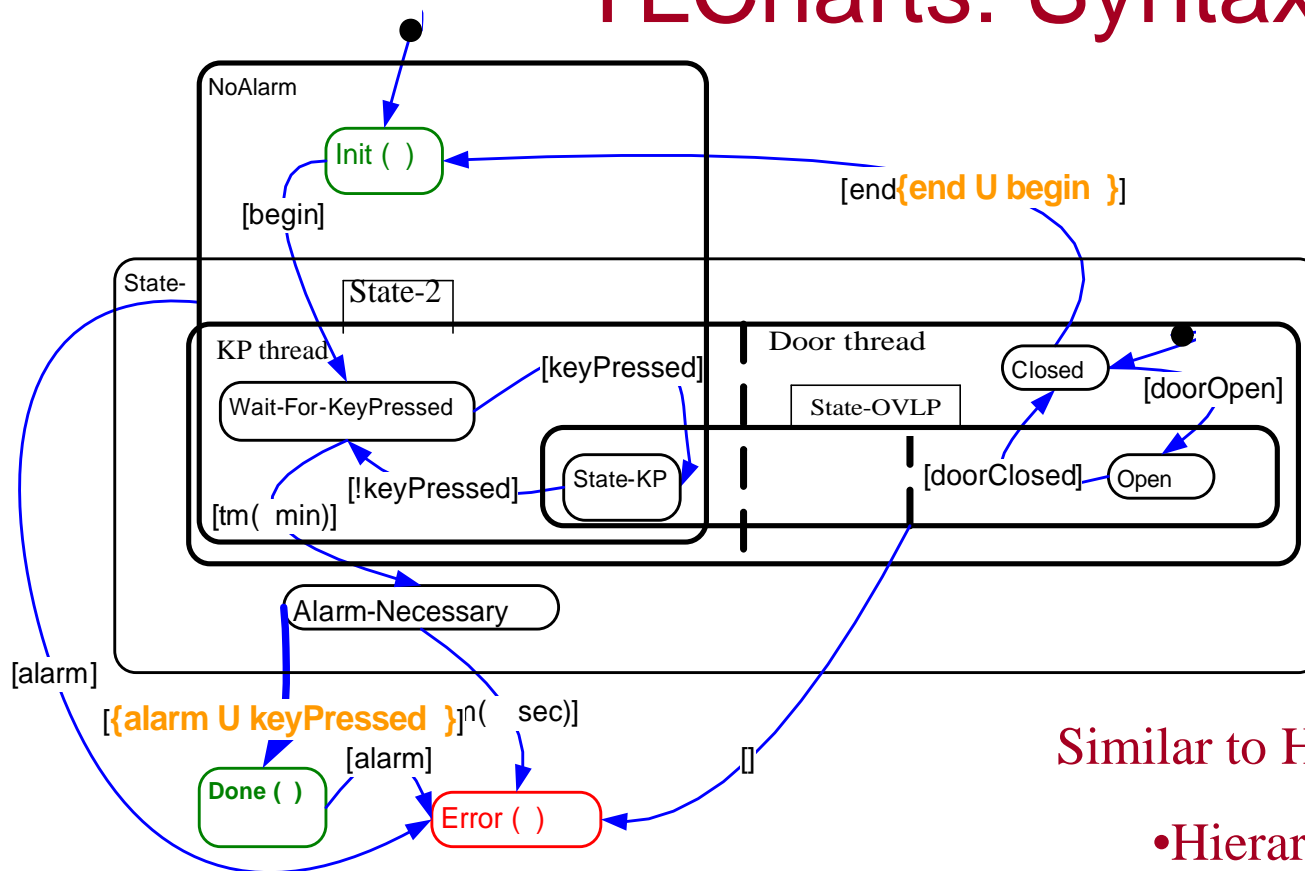


Sequence: ... *infusionEnd* . *alarm* . *keyPressed* . *infusionBegin* .

Specification Languages: Armor plating TLCharts



TLCharts: Syntax



And also:

- LTL/MTL/Regex guards
- (Prioritized) good/error states
- State overlapping

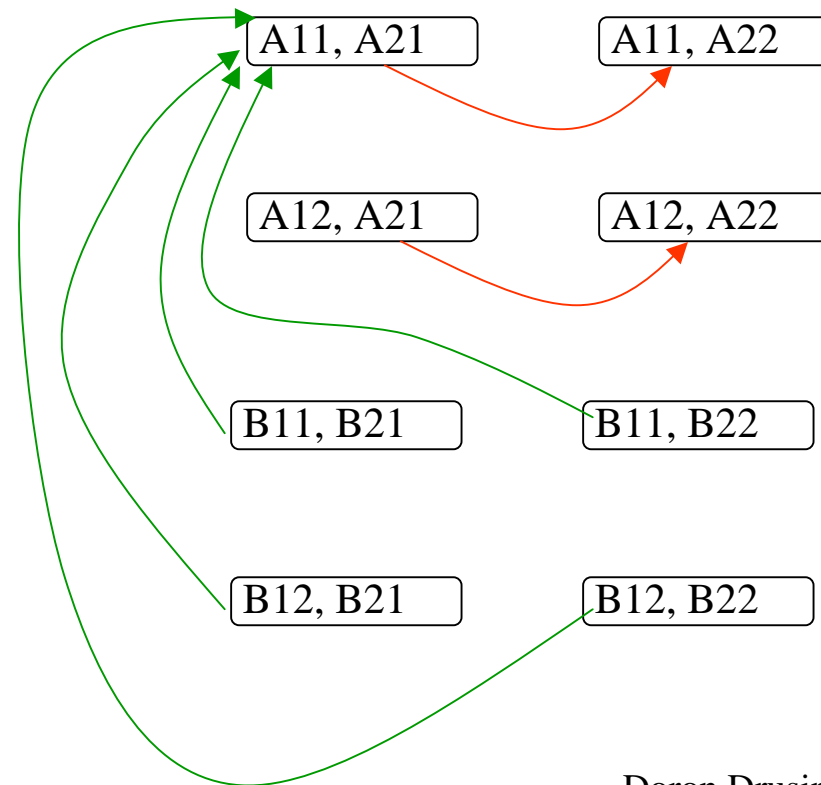
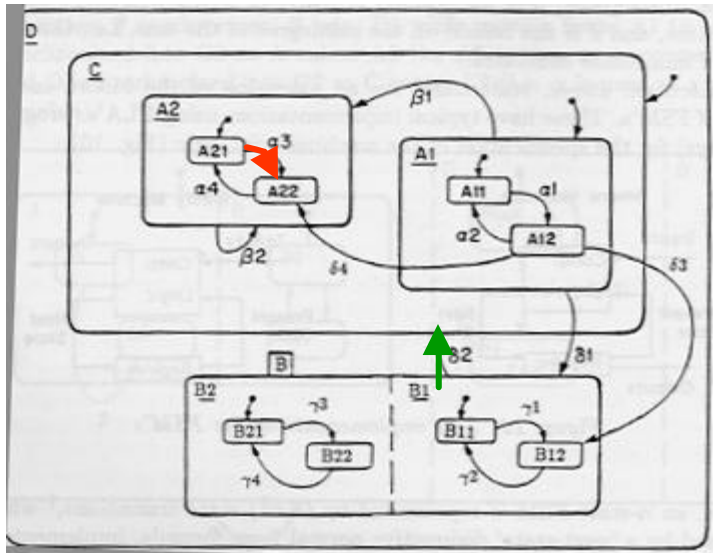
Similar to Harel Statecharts:

- Hierarchy
- Concurrency
- History states
- Events, conditions, timers.

TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

First, consider TLCharts without LTL/regex guards:

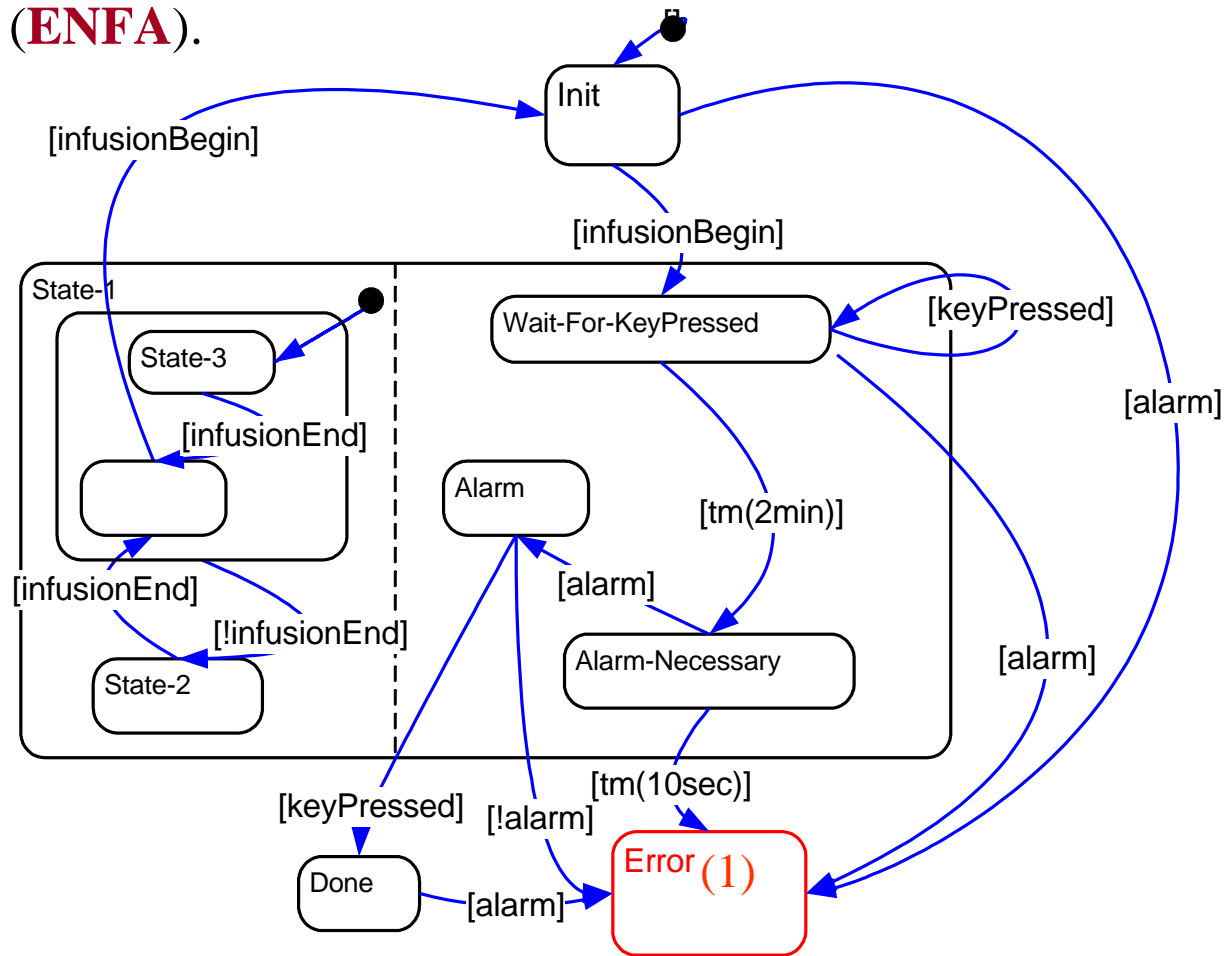
- Defined in terms of an Equivalent NFA (**ENFA**).



TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

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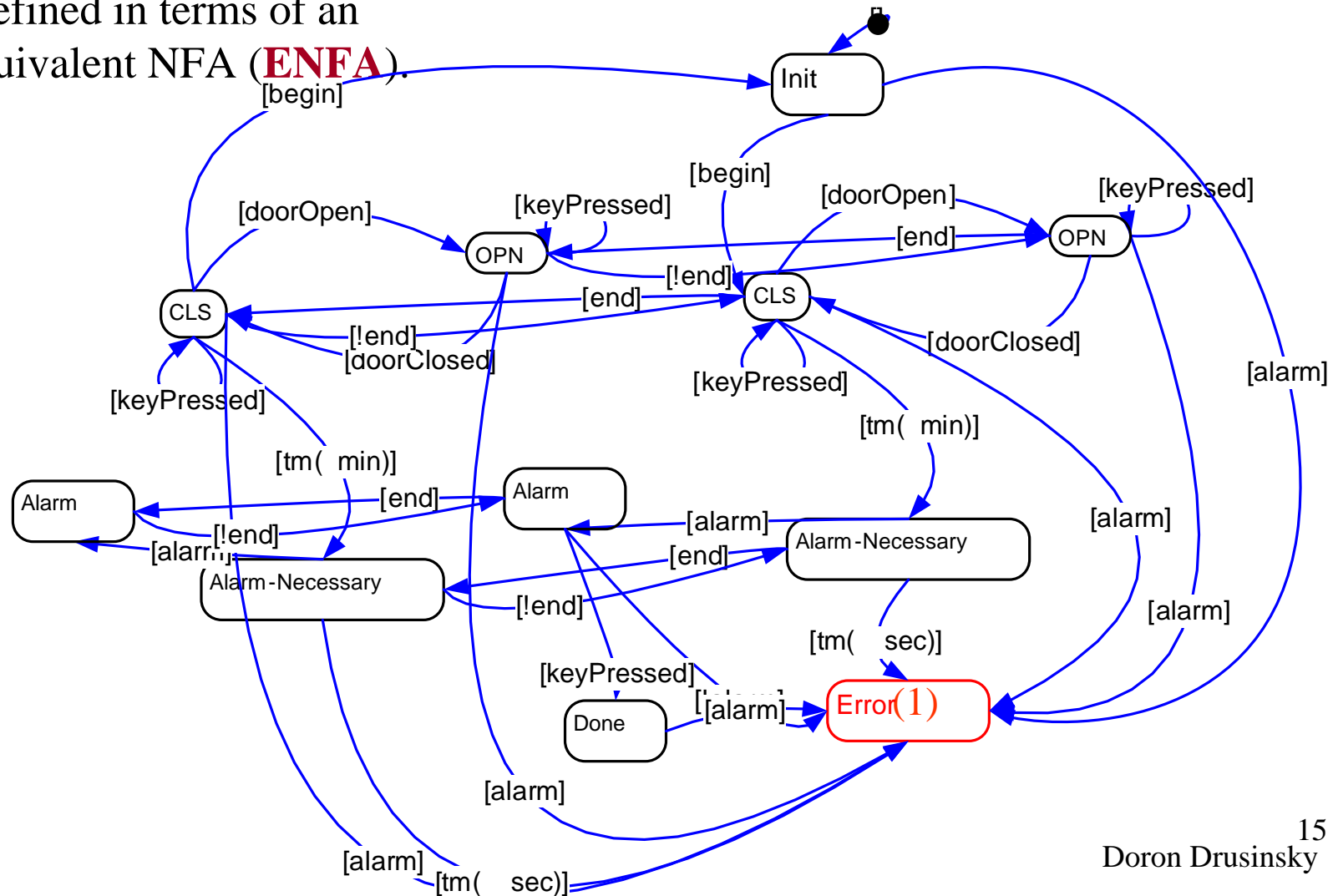
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TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

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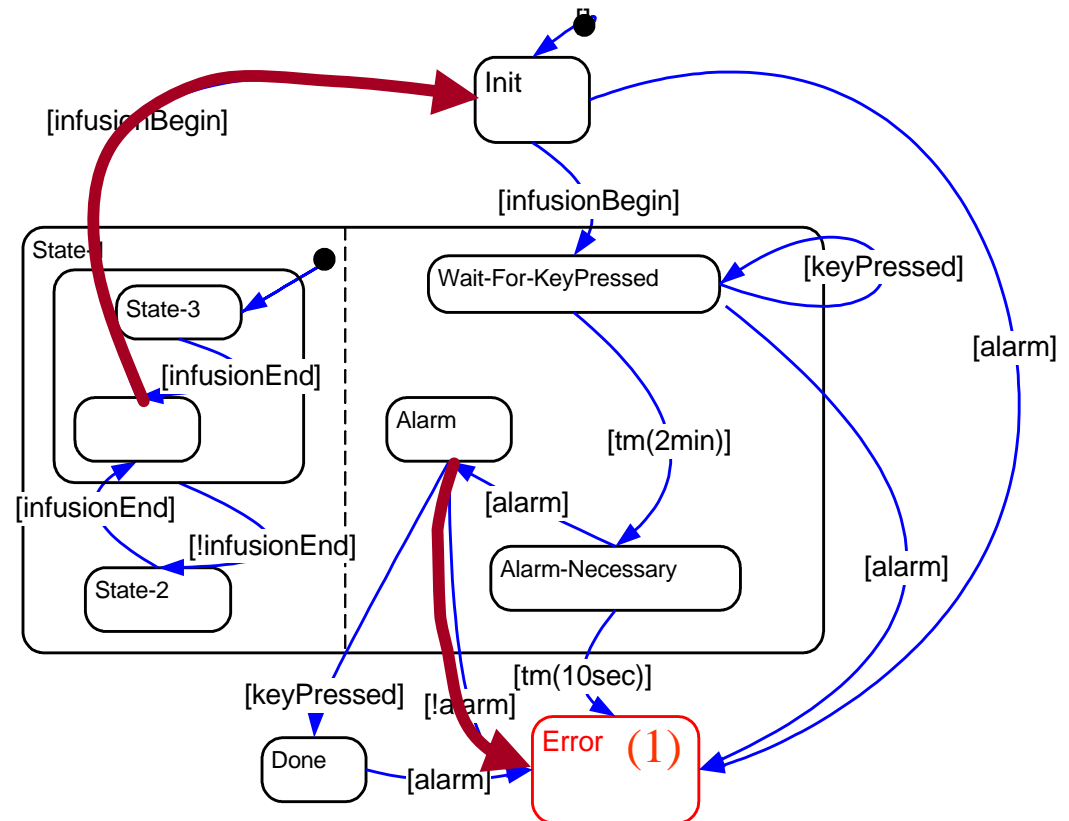
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TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

First, consider TLCharts without LTL/regex guards:

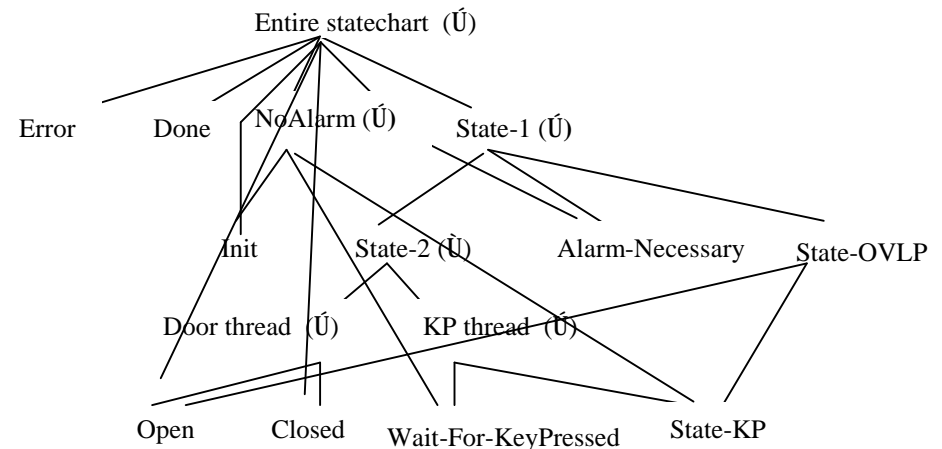
- Extended: has both accepting (**good**) and rejecting states (**Error**).
- Accept/reject decision for competing (in case of non-determinism) computations is based on priority scheme.
- This amounts to a NFA with negation.



TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

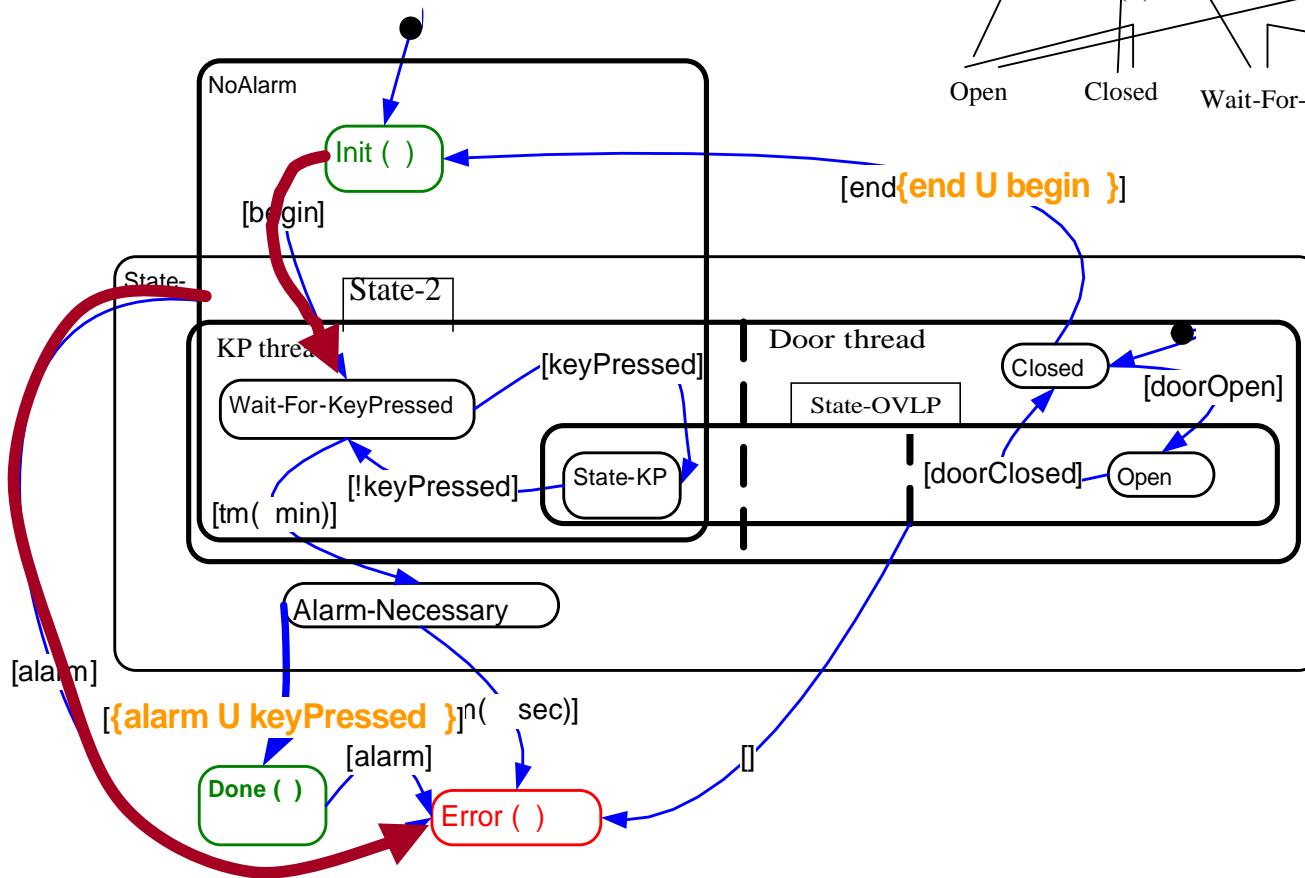
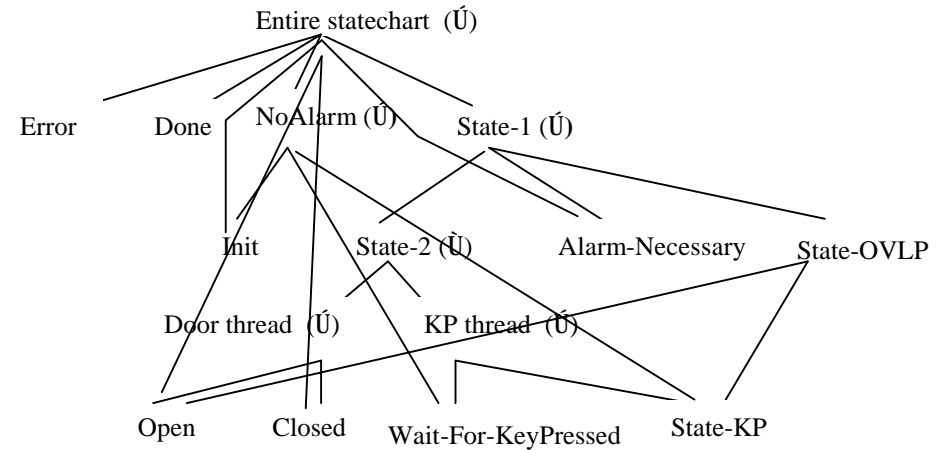
Overlapping states:

- State DAG instead of state tree.
- State configurations in a computation now contain hierarchical state information.
- Every spanning tree of the state DAG induces a set of competing computations.
- The prioritized accept/reject decision is made over the union of these sets.



TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

Overlapping states:

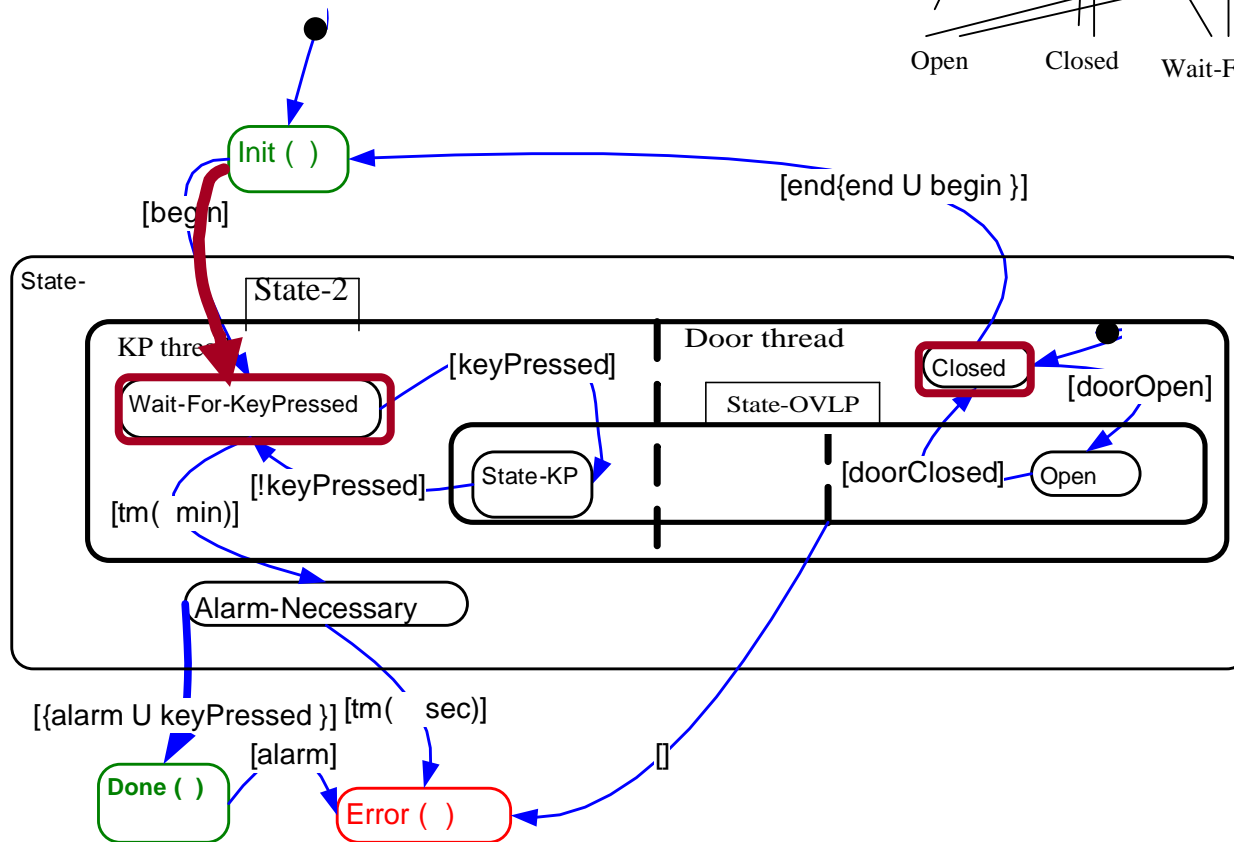
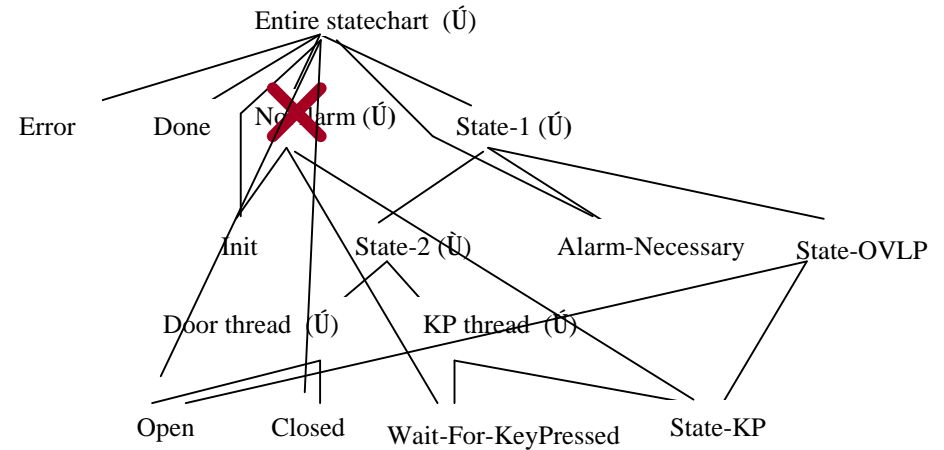


Input:

begin.alarm

TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

Using tree #1:

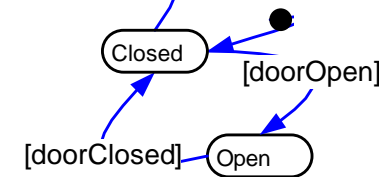
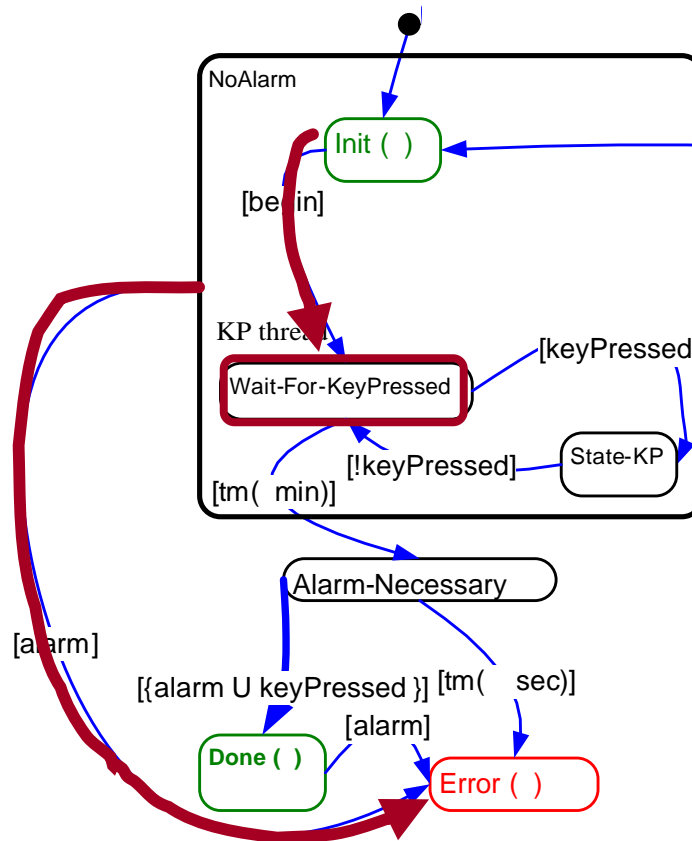
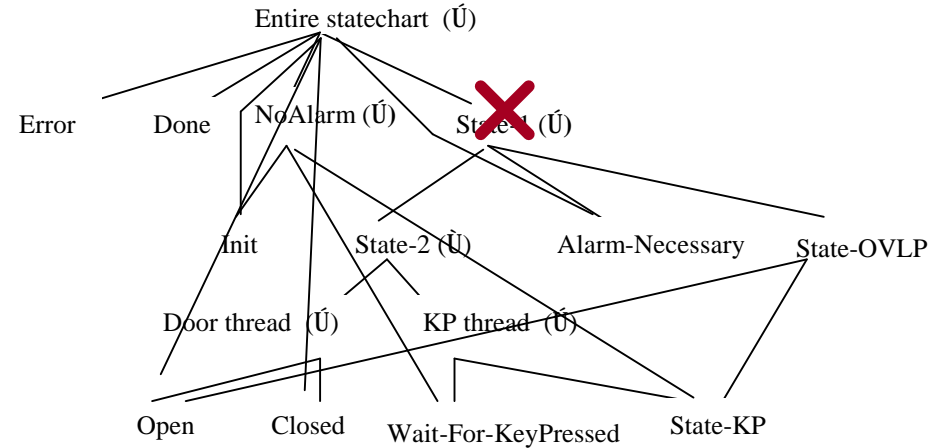


Input:

begin.alarm

TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

Using tree #2:

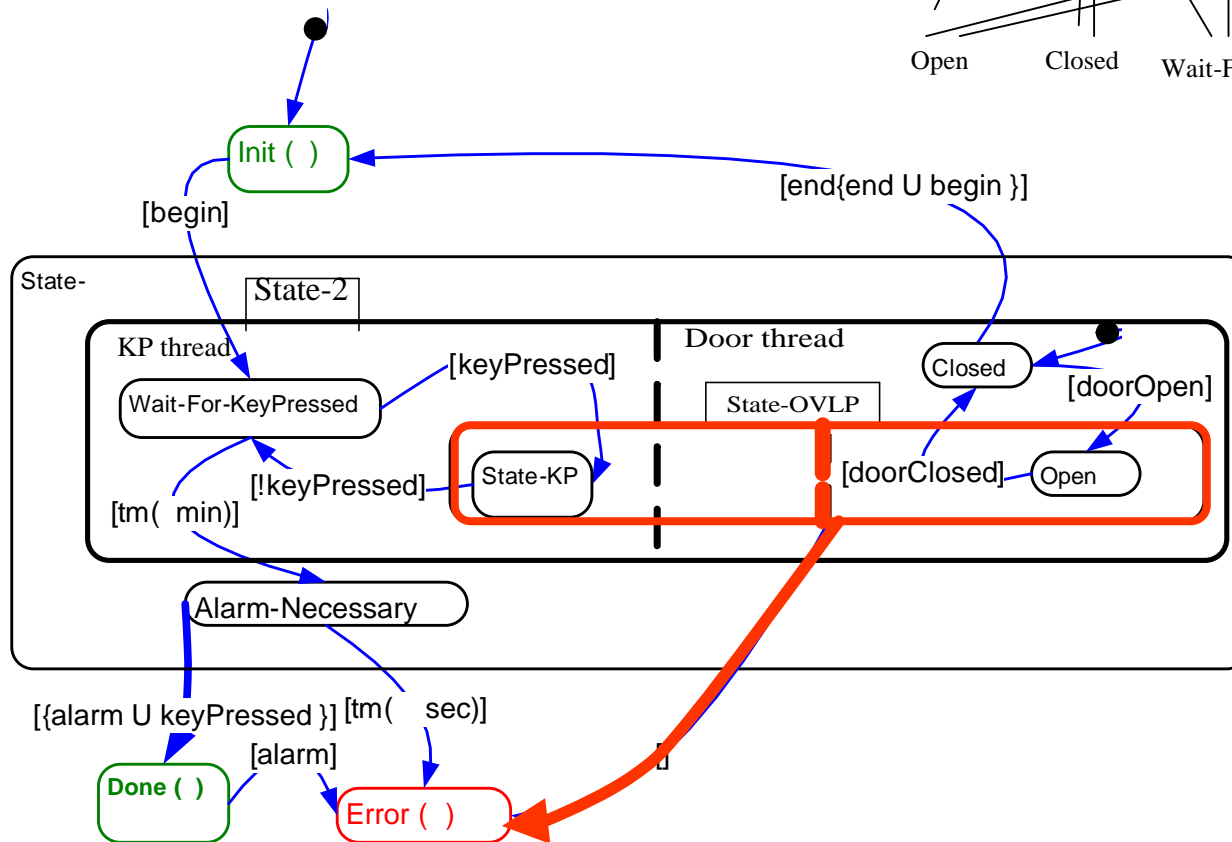
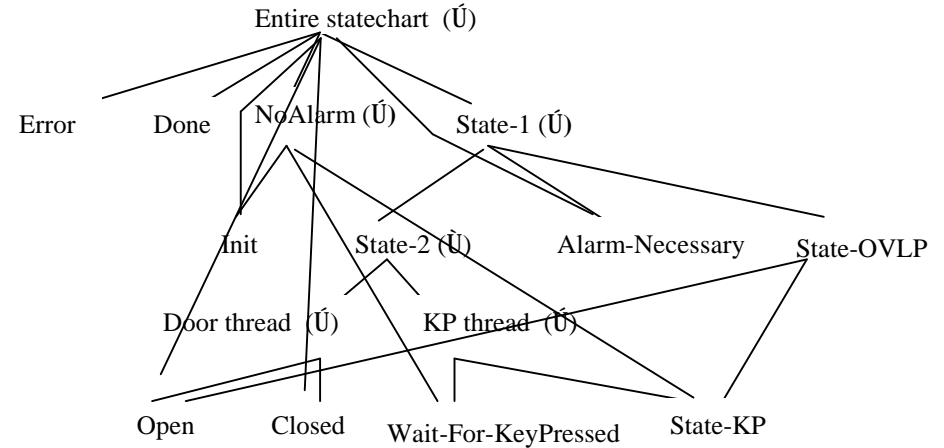


Input:

begin.alarm

TLCharts: Interlingua-based Semantics

Overlapping states:



Intuitive meaning:
 These two states
 should never be
 visited
 simultaneously

Thank you

